

# The Forrest City Times.

ESTABLISHED 1871.

"Fear God, Tell the Truth and Make Money."

By LANDVOIGT & VADAKIN.

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## ARKANSAS STATE NEWS.

**An Arkansas Soldier in the Philippines Defends the Water Cure.**

### EVENTS OF A WEEK BRIEFLY CHRONICLED

**John Black and Family Complete an Overland Trip From Booneville to Danbury, Conn., a Distance of 1,500 Miles.—A Preacher Roughly Handled.—Autos Not Allowed on Hot Springs Reservation.**

### Henry Hollenberg's Terrible Experience.

H. Walker Hollenberg, formerly of Little Rock, who was supposed to have been drowned at Coney Island, August 12, is alive. Two weeks after he was supposed to have been drowned Hollenberg arrived at his home in New Rochelle, N. J. Hollenberg's story is that he was carried out to sea by the undertow while in swimming. His cries for help attracted no attention from the crowds on the beach, and he had been carried out a long distance when he managed to get hold of a piece of wreckage that drifted toward him, and by means of this supported himself until rescued by the fishing smack Mary Baker. As he was in bathing trunks when picked up there was nothing to reveal his identity until he became conscious, when he was sent ashore. Hollenberg is suffering from serious illness, but his relatives hope for his ultimate recovery. He is a brother of F. B. T. Hollenberg, the well known Little Rock music dealer.

### Charged With Holding Women in Bondage.

John Burris, a negro farmer of Jefferson county, is under arrest on a charge of operating a place of bondage. Burris, it is alleged, induces colored women to go to his place, and makes them work for him. It is charged that he confines them at night behind closed doors and barred windows and threatens them should they try to escape. It is also alleged that Burris gets possession of these women by visiting the magistrate and police courts and offering to let women with fines to pay work out their fines on his place, he advancing the money to pay the fines.

### Two Young Men Drowned.

Allen Denison and Ernest Gray, two young men, were drowned in White river near Batesville. They were fishing at a picnic and fish fry, when young Gray, who could not swim, got beyond his depth, and Denison went to his rescue, and lost his own life trying to save the life of his friend. The boll worm is annihilating the cotton fields in Miller county. The bottom yields are half destroyed, and adding this calamity to the sappy condition of the plant nothing can be expected from the top crop. Only half a crop is expected.

### Phosphate Rock.

According to a report of the experiment station of the University of Arkansas, the phosphate rock deposits of north Arkansas, in the counties of Independence, Stone, Izard, Searcy, Newton and Baxter, are scarcely known, but from examination they promise to be of considerable extent and richness. They will, therefore, be valuable to the state as a source of the manufacture of acid phosphate, an important plant food that is extensively used as a fertilizer for increasing the yield of crops.

### Autos Ruled Out.

Acting Secretary of the Interior Ryan upholds Superintendent Else's position in ruling automobiles off the reservation drives at Hot Springs. He states in his letter of authority for such action on the part of the superintendent that the government drives are not public highways, but that they are government property, and therefore private in a sense, and that if it was necessary gates could be erected and only such as had the consent of the superintendent could pass in.

### Terrible Death.

Thomas Dolan, a civil engineer, met a terrible death near Newport. Dolan became ill while making the survey of the Jonesboro and Western railroad and started to a farm house a short distance away. Two hours later the man was found in an almost lifeless condition hanging upon a picket fence. In climbing the fence, his foot had probably slipped and the picket below had almost disemboweled him.

### Merchant Suicides.

J. A. Ingle, a merchant at Paris, suicided by shooting himself through the head. He arose at 3 o'clock and, going outside of the house, placed the muzzle of an old-fashioned Springfield rifle against the side of his head and touched off the trigger with his toe. Ill health and despondency, resulting from financial losses, is supposed to be the cause.

### Fought Like a Demon.

Deputy Sheriff N. A. Beller of Little Rock and a planter named Scruggs had a desperate battle with a man named D. W. Miller a few miles from the above place. The officers went to Miller's house to serve a warrant charging grand larceny. They entered the house and got the drop on Miller, but he refused to surrender and started for his shotgun. Not wanting to shoot him down, Beller placed his pistol in his belt and grappled with the man, who is about six feet tall and weighs 190 pounds. Scruggs assisted the officer, and for about fifteen minutes the trio was mixed up in a desperate rough and tumble battle. Miller was finally overpowered, but it was necessary, besides using handcuffs, to tie his legs and strap his body to a seat in a vehicle. Beller and Scruggs were badly used up in the scrimmage, besides their clothing was torn into shreds.

### The Game Season.

The hunting season will soon be open, so far at least, as turkeys and deer are concerned, but there is yet more than a month before quail can legally be killed in the state. Deer may be killed any time between the 1st day of September and the 1st day of March. Turkeys may be killed between September 1 and May 1, two months longer being allowed than for the hunting of deer. Quail may be killed October 1 to 1 March 1, the "season" for partridges beginning one month later than for the other two, and being three months shorter than the season for turkey.

### In the Old Way.

John Black, accompanied by his family, has just completed the journey in a covered wagon from Booneville, this state, to Danbury, Conn., a distance of 1,500 miles. Black left this state about three months ago. The travelers covered about fifteen miles a day on the average and camped at night, using the huge wagon for sleeping quarters and cooking over camp fires wherever they stopped. Beds, cooking utensils and a supply of provisions were carried by the wagon. The whole family were in excellent health and spirits when they reached Danbury.

### Defends the Water Cure.

An Arkansas soldier writing to Col. V. Y. Cook of Elmo, from Batangas, P. I., defends the water cure, and declares that it was not only justifiable and humane but necessary. He says: "Concentration camps were necessary. At first glance it may seem strange that we had to adopt that very means of conquering these people that we condemned so vigorously when Weyler used them in '97 and '98. And yet they were managed in a way that made them the most humane as well as the quickest way to end matters."

### BRIEF MENTION.

A new bank has been organized at Okolona.

The state deaf mute institute will open about October 15.

The First National Bank has been organized at Arkadelphia.

The Fordyce street fair is to be held the latter part of October.

The residence of D. M. Bluthenthal at Pine Bluff burned August 26.

The Iron Mountain depot at Knobel was struck by lightning and burned.

Sawmill men and farmers of Miller county are complaining of a scarcity of laborers.

Arkansas coal miners and operators have agreed on a scale of wages for the next year.

Complaint is made that a band of whitecappers have been operating in Newton county.

Hattie Johnson, a 19-year-old negro, committed suicide at Conway by jumping into a well. It is believed the woman became crazed from long illness.

Mrs. G. O. Ward, of Greene county, recently gave birth to a child weighing but two pounds. At last accounts the midget was alive and in good health.

All the members of the gang that robbed the bank of Clarksville and killed Sheriff Powers, with the exception of O. J. P. Dunn, the leader, are now in jail in this state.

Bryce Butterworth, aged 10 years, fell from a raft into the Arkansas river at Pine Bluff and was drowned. The little fellow was playing with some companions, when he lost his balance and fell into the river.

Gov. Davis issued a requisition on the United States district judge of Indian Territory for the return to this state of G. W. Wehant, charged by indictment with murder in the first degree, committed in Polk county.

The Chattanooga Tradesman reports the following new organizations in Arkansas last week: Fayetteville, \$25,000 ice and cold-storage plant; Fort Smith, \$20,000 broom factory; Hope, \$15,000 gin and grist mill; Little Rock, \$10,000 boat-oar factory; Texarkana, \$15,000 lumber company.

### Brakeman Killed.

E. A. Hogue, a brakeman on the Fort Smith road, was killed near Conway by the westbound passenger train, No. 53. Hogue was braking on a freight train, and he was sent west of Conway to flag down an east bound freight. He had been on duty thirty-six hours and was almost exhausted. Soon he was fast asleep. In the meantime the westbound passenger rolled into Conway and pulled out to the next stop. It ran upon Hogue and killed him instantly.

### Insurance Company Fails.

The Arkansas Live Stock Insurance company, with headquarters at Little Rock, has been placed in the hands of a receiver. It is understood that the failure of the company was due to the failure of farmers and others to pay the premiums of insurance carried promptly. The amount alleged in the petition, as due to all creditors, is \$15,000, but it is understood that the sum is somewhat larger. The company has \$75,000 outstanding.

### Subiaco Abbey Nearing Completion.

It is reported that a portion of the new Subiaco Abbey, an institution which is being erected by the Order of St. Benedict, near Spierville, Logan county, will be ready for occupancy next winter. When completed it will be one of the largest buildings of the kind in the world, being of granite and four or five stories high. It will require several years to complete it, and will cost \$1,000,000.

### Changes in Treasurer's Force.

It is understood that Capt. J. H. Shoppach and Dr. W. M. McCully, clerk and bookkeeper, respectively, in the state treasurer's office, will retire January 1. Dr. McCully has been in the treasurer's office for twelve years. The vacancies will be filled by G. H. Trevathan of Mammoth Spring and Ernest Tipton, son of Treasurer Tipton.

### Woman Slayer Sentenced.

Dan Hawkins, colored, who killed the negro woman at Butterfield some months ago and who was captured in Louisiana and tried at Malvern, pleaded guilty to the charge of involuntary manslaughter and the court gave him ten years in the penitentiary.

### Preacher Whitecapped.

A band of twelve whitecaps took Rev. Josiah Perkins from his residence at Texarkana and gave him a severe whipping, shaved his head and ordered him to leave town in half an hour. Perkins claimed to be a divine healer.

### OF GENERAL INTEREST.

The cultivable part of the Arizona desert is in the possession of persons who have a wealth greater than that of any other portion of the union—about \$2,000 per head.

The amateur photographer sometimes finds himself in a position where it is difficult to obtain a sufficient supply of fresh water to thoroughly carry out all the washing necessary for the making of a negative, and in such cases he can to advantage use sea water for the washing of the plates after fixing in the hypo, provided they are again thoroughly rewashed in fresh water after arriving at a place where it is obtainable.

Probably the largest contract ever let in this country for the transportation of big trees is that just entered into for the world's fair in St. Louis. The site is Forest park, in which there are many large trees. Actuated by a desire to preserve as many as possible of the trees and to have their shade in the broad avenues of the exposition, the director of works will have seven hundred trees, each 12 to 18 inches in diameter, lifted and replanted.

Charles T. Yerkes is credited with saying that men are in their apprenticeship until they reach the age of 40 and that a business man is not ripe until he is ten years older than that. The London writer who quotes him thus draws his brief pen picture of the former Chicago traction magnate: "Pallid, dark-eyed, soft-voiced, with white hair and mustache and an air of subdued refinement, the railway autocrat might be taken for a quiet scholar rather than a graduate of the most strenuous rough-and-tumble school of fighting in the world."

### Big Meteorite in Brazil.

The biggest meteorite ever seen was lately found at Ponto Alegre, in Brazil. It is an immense rock mass, 85 feet long and 55 feet thick.—Scientific American.

### NOTES OF THE ROYAL FAMILY

Among the czar's suite of 173 people, 15 only are members of the imperial family. One hundred and twenty-eight are Russians, the rest being Germans, Finns, Poles, Greeks, etc.

"King Edward's Oak," which the king planted, when prince of Wales, in Central park, and which was declared to be dying not long ago, has been doctored by the park authorities, and is now believed to be in condition to live.

### THROUGH THREE STATES.

President Roosevelt Passed Through Three States and Delivered Eight Speeches in One Day.

Augusta, Me., Aug. 26.—President Roosevelt Tuesday passed through three states, delivered eight speeches and received the plaudits of a quarter of a million people. The greeting which has marked his progress through New England has been flattering in the extreme, and Tuesday's experience demonstrated his popularity perhaps more than ever before. Everywhere at the regular stops and the smaller stations along the road the people were strenuous in their efforts to catch a glimpse of him or to hear him speak, and at Haverhill, Mass., this desire assumed such a form that the crowds completely overrode the police and surrounded the president's carriage, making it difficult for it to advance.

### Meets an Old Acquaintance.

The day's journey was not without its incidents. As the president was about to board his car at South Lawrence, Mass., after delivering his address, the leader of the band stepped up and made himself known to him. He said his name was Banan, a former cow-puncher and barber at Medora, N. D., where the president's ranch is located. The president immediately recognized him and greeted him as an old friend. The man, evidently desiring the president to know that he had profited by his advice given some years ago, said to him:

"You told me to get married and settle down, and I did. I have got six children myself," which afforded the president no little amusement.

### Many Floral Gifts.

While on his way through the streets of Portland his carriage was stopped and he was presented with an album containing views of the city. He stood up in his carriage and briefly thanked the donor, Capt. Charles F. Dam. He has been the recipient of many floral gifts, and where unable to get near enough personally to hand them to him they threw them over the heads of the crowd into his carriage.

Conspicuous among those who boarded the train at Old Orchard to extend a welcome to the president was Congressman Littlefield, of Rockland. His visit was brief and the conversation turned on other subjects than trusts. Mr. Littlefield declined to comment on the president's last night's speech, pleading that he had not finished reading it.

### Immense Crowds Gathered.

When Danville Junction was reached the president was greeted by Postmaster-General and Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Garrett A. Hobart and Mrs. Charles Emory Smith. Mr. Payne accompanied the president to Lewiston.

Some stops were made which were not on the itinerary. At Lisbon, Lisbon Falls and Brunswick, Me., immense crowds gathered, and the president, in response to their clamorous calls, was obliged to appear on the rear platform and say a few words. Although the day has been a particularly hard one on him, the president gave but slight signs of fatigue. He is the guest of Gov. Hill, who met him at the depot and escorted him to his residence, where the president made a short address.

The governor's house has become historic because of the fact that it was the home of James J. Blaine, and the president occupies to-night the identical bedroom used by that statesman.

### "AMERICAN ARROGANCE."

German Newspaper Says It is Directed Not Only Against Germany but All Europe.

Berlin, Aug. 27.—President Roosevelt's advocacy of government supervision of trusts has caused the Post of this city to discuss anew the "American trust danger." It says "Germany, indeed all Europe, must be on its guard."

"The Kreuz Zeitung, in a leader on 'American Imperialism,' says: 'American arrogance is directed not only against Germany, but against all Europe. This arrogance is the outgrowth of the puritanical belief in the United States' God-given mission and its own invulnerable position.'"

### EX-GOV. HOADLY DEAD.

The Former Governor of Ohio Passes Away at Watkins, N. Y., Aged 76 Years.

Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 27.—A special dispatch to the Democrat and Chronicle from Watkins, N. Y., says that ex-Gov. George Hoadly, of Ohio, died at that place Tuesday evening, aged 76 years. He and his family had been at Watkins for several weeks. The remains will be taken to Cincinnati for interment.

The ex-governor had been ill for some time, and came east for his health. He grew worse day by day, in spite of every attention, and died shortly after five o'clock Tuesday evening.

## THE WEATHER AND CROPS.

The Department of Agriculture's Weekly Summary of the Crop Conditions.

### WEATHER CONDITIONS UNFAVORABLE.

Too Hot and Dry in the South and Too Cool and Wet in the States Further North for Proper Maturing of Crops—Deterioration in the Cotton Crop.

Washington, Aug. 27.—Following is the agricultural department's weekly summary of crop conditions:

As a whole, the weather conditions east of the Rocky mountains have not been favorable, being too cool in the northern districts eastward of the Missouri valley, with too much moisture in portions of the central valleys while excessively hot in the southern states with drought of greater or lesser severity generally throughout the cotton belt. Although cool, the conditions were fairly favorable for maturing crops in the Ohio valley and over the southern portion of the middle Atlantic states as well as on the Pacific coast.

Corn is greatly in need of warm, dry weather throughout the northern portion of the corn belt, where the abnormally cool weather of the past two weeks has greatly retarded its maturity. Over the south portion of the corn belt an excellent crop of early corn is now practically assured. In portions of Iowa and central Illinois corn has badly lodged as a result of local storms.

Spring wheat harvest is unfinished in the northern portion of the Red river valley, where it has been interrupted by frequent showers which have also seriously interfered with stacking and threshing. Sprouting and rotting in stack and shock are reported from Iowa and in southern Minnesota threshed wheat is damp and discolored. Harvest is about three-fourths finished in Oregon and will be completed in Washington during the present week with yields about the average, though less than expected in Washington.

A decided deterioration in the condition of cotton is reported generally throughout the central and western portions of the cotton belt, as well as over a large part of the eastern districts. The most favorable reports are from the Carolinas. In North Carolina the condition of the crop continues very promising, although the prevalence of rust is widespread. On stiff soils in South Carolina new growth is blooming and fruiting, but on sandy soils rust, shedding and premature opening are prevalent. Throughout the central and western districts, with the exception of northern Mississippi and portions of Oklahoma and Indian territory, where the crop is doing well, the reports indicate a decided decline in its condition, rust, shedding and premature opening being general. In Texas the deterioration has been pronounced and under the most favorable future weather conditions a yield in excess of the average is improbable.

### LIEUT.-GEN. MILES' JOURNEY.

It is Understood that the Trip is to Be Undertaken for Purely Military Purposes.

Washington, Aug. 27.—It has developed that Gen. Miles' application to go to the Philippines was of comparatively recent date and was in no way connected with his application of several months ago. When the first application was made it was coupled with certain suggestions as to terminating the war, and Secretary Root's refusal to grant the first request was based largely upon these phases of the application. In view of this it is understood that Gen. Miles restricted his second application so as to make the trip one for purely military purposes. Although the text of the application was not given out at the war department, it is said that one of its features is a request that the return from the Philippines be by way of the eastern route. As the application is approved, Gen. Miles will return by this route, which insures his visiting Europe on his way back to America.

It is expected that Mrs. Miles will accompany the general to the Philippines, and it may be that his married daughter, who is the wife of Col. Reber, one of the general's aides, also will accompany the party.

It is the understanding that in that capacity, though of superior rank, Gen. Miles will not interfere in any way with either Gen. Chaffee or his successor, Gen. Davis, in the direction of the army in the Philippines. He will critically examine the conditions as he finds them, devoting his attention entirely to matters of army administration, and not to political affairs, and the results of his work will be embodied in a set of reports.

## THE BOERS AND THE BLACKS.

A Fresh Trouble Being Encountered by the Boers Returning to Their Farms.

Johannesburg, Aug. 27.—A strong force of British troops has been dispatched to the western border of the Transvaal, ostensibly to relieve troops ordered to India, but it is currently reported that this step is taken owing to disturbances among the natives.

A recent dispatch from London quoted one of the foremost South African authorities as follows:

"Among the immediate dangers in the Transvaal native attacks on Boers returning to their farms and other assaults are threatening to lead to serious conflicts between Boers and blacks. A great number of blacks in the country have managed to secure arms. There is, therefore, the anomalous situation of unarmed whites and armed blacks living in proximity on outlying farms."

Natives of the Transvaal have been reported as wandering about the country armed with rifles which they have either pilfered or purchased.

In an article published on August 23, in the Vienna Fremdenblatt, Gen. Botha was credited with saying:

"The civilization of South Africa is threatened by the Kaffirs. England armed these tribes to fight for her; now the war is ended the Kaffirs have not returned their arms, but have retreated with them to inaccessible places in the mountains, where they are reported to be engaged in daily shooting exercises and preparations of war. Unless the English authorities display the greatest energy the Kaffirs are likely to cause great trouble."

Swaziland is inhabited by a warlike Kaffir race, and lies to the east of the Transvaal.

The western frontier of the Transvaal is formed by Bechuanaland, which is inhabited chiefly by the Kaffir race of the Bechuana.

### KLONDIKE PLAYING OUT.

An Official Report of an Agent Sent There to Examine Shows Discouraging Prospects.

Washington, Aug. 27.—The golden star of the Klondike is on the wane, according to the official report of George H. Hess, who recently was sent to Dawson by the Canadian Manufacturers' association to make a thorough examination into the business prospects of the Yukon territory. The state department Tuesday made public a communication from United States Consul Brush, at Niagara Falls, dated August 8, giving some of the principal features of Mr. Hess' report.

Mr. Hess points to the fact that the total yield of the Klondike last year was \$24,000,000, and that the production of the coming year will not, according to government estimates, exceed \$14,000,000, a falling off of nearly one-half. Moreover no new discoveries have been made for over a year, although since 1897 thousands of prospectors have been exploring every creek and mountain in the country. At Dawson Mr. Hess reports ten applicants for every job, yet boatload after boatload of men continues to arrive.

### GREAT RICHES OF ALASKA.

An Expert Miner Says the Copper Property There is the Greatest in the World.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 27.—The first press message to the outside world by wire from Valdez, Alaska, was received by the Times, the telegraph line having just been completed. The dispatch reports that Robert Blei, the expert sent into the Nazine silver district by Capt. Delamar, has just reached Valdez, and reports that the Nazine district has the greatest mines in Alaska, and that the copper property there is the greatest in the world. The richness of the country, Mr. Blei says, insures the building of a railroad at the earliest possible season. Mountains of tin have been found near Mount Wrangel, 150 miles distant. This is the greatest season of discoveries Alaska has ever known.

### HARD FIGHTING IN HAYTIL.

The Village of Limbe Attacked and Recaptured by Troops of the Provisional Government.

Cape Haytien, Aug. 27.—The village of Limbe, 82 miles north of Port-au-Prince, has been attacked and recaptured by the troops of the provisional government. Limbe was in the possession of Firminite soldiers from the Artibonite district. The fighting was severe, and lasted from midnight Monday night to midday Tuesday. Many men on both sides were killed. The town was destroyed by fire.

The defenders of Limbe were reinforced by marines landed from the gunboat Crete-a-Peiron, which is in the Firminite service. Gen. Alexander Nord has gone forward to take command of the troops of the provisional government.